

COVID-19 Impacts on Quality of Life among Caregivers and Children

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Introduction

- Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious, respiratory illness that develops mild to severe symptoms (World Health Organization [WHO] (2021)
- 208,848,445 learners worldwide affected by school closures due to COVID-19 (United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, 2021)
- 40.9% of United States (U.S.) adults stated they had a mental or behavioral health condition linked to COVID-19 (Czeisler et al., 2020)
- Mental health illnesses or symptoms impact an individual's health, which impacts daily occupations, activities, and behaviors (Sabatini, 2011)

Needs Assessment

- Increase referral sources
- Building partnerships with schools and facilities
- Occupational impacts COVID-19 had among their clients

Description of Capstone Site

Occupational Therapy Training Program (OTTP) mission is to provide quality and personalized behavioral health and support services to transform individuals, strengthen families, and empower communities.

Learning Objectives

Individualized Learning Objective #1

The capstone student enhanced advocacy skills pertaining to increasing referral sources, by 8 weeks.

Individualized Learning Objective #2

The capstone student piloted a new quality of life assessment in 14 weeks.

Individualized Learning Objective #3

The capstone student conducted a research study on the impacts COVID-19 had on quality of life among children and caregivers, in 14 weeks.

Literature Review

- COVID-19 and Mental Health
 - Worldwide overall negative impacts of COVID-19, quarantine, and social media on mental health (Xiong et al., 2020)
 - Parents of primary, middle, and high school students had significantly higher prevalence of anxiety and depression and lower social support than college students' parents (Wu et al., 2020)
- 2/3 of the children and adolescents felt burdened by the pandemic (Ravens-Sieberer et al., 2021)
- 2/5 felt the pandemic impaired their friendships (Ravens-Sieberer et al., 2021)

Methods

Inclusion Criteria: students between grades six to twelve,

caregivers who currently care for one or more child between

participants must be current residents of Los Angeles County

Exclusion Criteria: cognitively impaired, over the age of 65,

currently in prison, who are pregnant, or was not currently

caring for a child between birth to seventeen-years-old and

Design: mixed methodology and descriptive analysis

birth to seventeen-years-old and eleven months, all

Participants: school-aged clients of OTTP and the

caregiver(s) of these school aged children

Recruitment: Convenience sampling

eleven months.

- COVID-19 and Quality of life
 - 40.2% of children and adolescents had reported low quality of life (Ravens-Sieberer et al., 2021)
- COVID-19 and Quarantine
 - Isolation and quarantine led to higher levels of anxiety and depression for individuals who had quarantine (Wu et al., 2020)

Rating Scales

Child/Adolescent QOL Assessment

 \square not at all \square 1-2 days \square 3-4 days

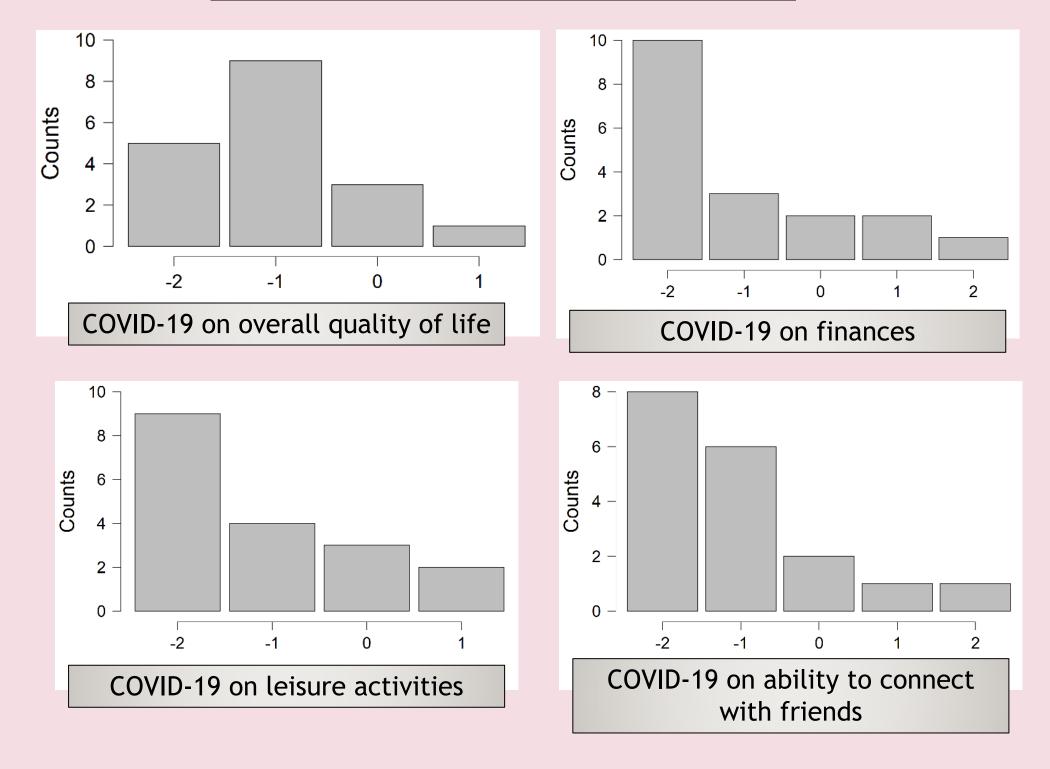
COVID-19 QOL Assessment

A little A lot of A lot of A little positive positive negative negative impact impact impact impact impact

☐ 5-6 days ☐ everyday

Results

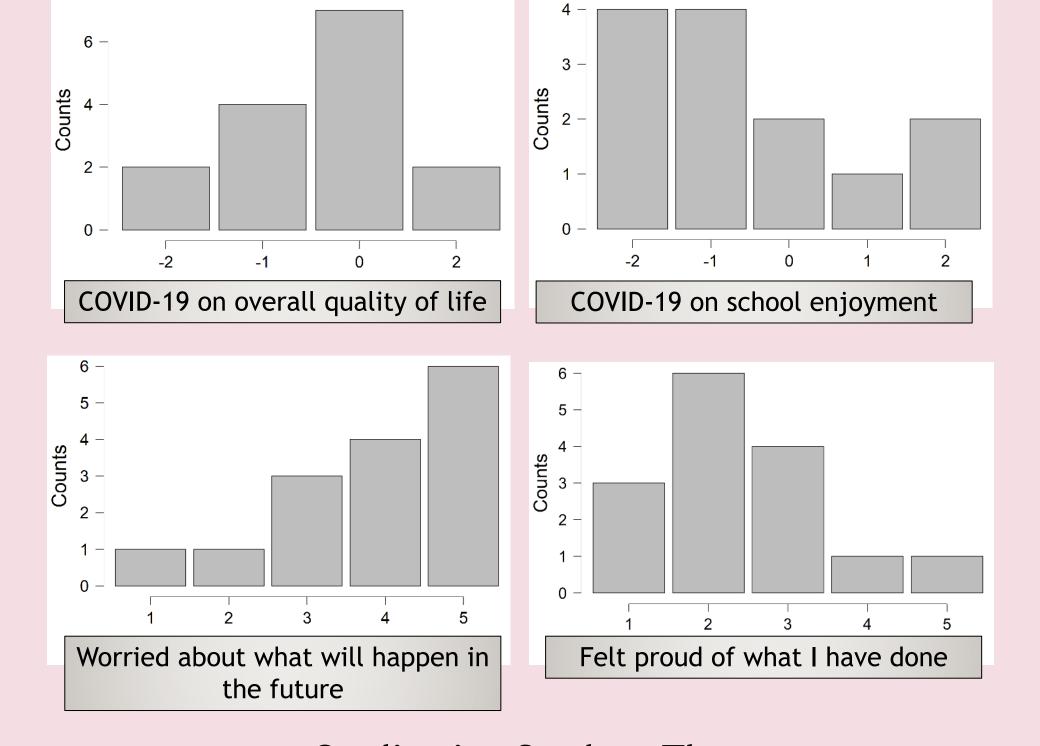
Quantitative Adult Survey Results



Qualitative Adult Themes

- 1. Negative feelings toward COVID-19 impact overall
- 2. Understanding and adapting to regulations
- 3. Supportive of school closures
- 4. Harder helping others and pets
- 5. Sleep routine negatively impacted
- 6. Leisure positively and negatively impacted
- 7. Finances negatively impacted

Quantitative Student Survey Results



Qualitative Student Themes

- 1. Negative feelings towards online schooling
- 2. Enjoyed online school less
- 3. Schoolwork feels harder
- 4. Little impact on ability to connect and play with friends
- 5. Little to no impact on leisure activities
- 6. Leisure positively and negatively impacted
- 7. Impact on sleep varied
- 8. Positive, negative, and no impact on overall QOL

Discussion

- Both positive and negative impact COVID-19 had on all participants' occupations
- Majority of the participants rated negative impacts on the following occupations
 - Finances
 - Leisure
 - Sleep
 - Caring for others
 - School

Limitations

- Piloted quality of life scale
- Small sample size
- Lack of controlled environment
- Internal/External influences on responses
- WHOQOL-BREF has no Spanish version

Implications

- Occupational Therapy
- Occupational impacts
- Disrupted routines
- New roles for parents
- OT's role in mental health
- Identifying the long-

Future research

- impacts
 - Use piloted survey

term occupational

Outcomes/Deliverables

- Identified schools and facilities interested in using OTTP as a resource
- Identifying implications for future research
- Compared some results from the WHOQOL-BREF with the Wilkens' COVID-19 QOL Questionnaire
- Created handouts for the adult and child participant results
- Submitting a manuscript for publication post-graduation

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*References Upon Request